Whitechapel Gallery

Eleven Surrealist women artists take centre stage for the first time since 1936

Phantoms of Surrealism

19 May – 12 December 2021 Gallery 4

On a hot summer's day in 1936 a woman dressed in a bridal gown paraded around Trafalgar Square, London, her head entirely covered with red roses, in tribute to Salvador Dalí's painting, *Woman with the Head of Roses* (1935). The mystery woman, who puzzled passers-by and made newspaper headlines, was later revealed to be artist **Sheila Legge** (1911–1949), appearing that day as 'the phantom of Surrealism' to launch the London International Surrealist Exhibition, held at the New Burlington Galleries in Mayfair.

Whitechapel Gallery's new archive exhibition, *Phantoms of Surrealism*, brings together artworks, photographic scrapbooks, press cuttings and original correspondence from the London International Surrealist Exhibition (1936), including a new scale model. Coinciding *with Eileen Agar: Angel of Anarchy*, the show reveals the pivotal role of women as artists, behind-the-scenes organisers, editors and animators of the Surrealist movement in Britain.

The exhibition features eleven artists including **Ruth Adams** (1893–1949), **Eileen Agar** (1899–1991), **Elizabeth Andrews** (1882–1977), **Diana Brinton Lee** (d. 1982), **Claude Cahun** (1894–1954), **Ithell Colquhoun** (1906–1988), **Sheila Legge**, **Grace Pailthorpe** (1883–1971), **Elizabeth Raikes** (1907–1942), **Edith Rimmington** (1902–1986) and **Stella Snead** (1910–2006).

Also presented are artworks from an anti-war exhibition staged at Whitechapel Gallery in 1939 by The Artists' International Association, dedicated to the 'Unity of Artists for Peace, Democracy and Cultural Development'. Revisiting the Gallery in 2021 are two sculptures, *Woman* (1934) by Elizabeth Raikes and *Swan* (1930s) by Elizabeth Andrews, alongside Ithell Colquhoun's painting *Water-Flower* (1938), recently acquired by a public collection after it was spotted for sale at an antiques shop in Penzance. Two works by Edith Rimmington, *Family Tree* (1937) and *Fallen Chariot* (1939), are also on view, demonstrating the artist's particular interest in maritime landscapes and mythology.

The juxtaposition of these two momentous, historic displays provides these artists with long overdue recognition for their contributions to the history of art. Lesser-known figures such as Diana Brinton Lee and Stella Snead are here spotlighted as key strategists and participants in the early history of the movement in the UK. Where many women artists might once have been acknowledged as mere 'actors' in other renowned artists' work, *Phantoms of Surrealism* crucially offers them centre stage.

Notes to Editors

- Phantoms of Surrealism runs from 19 May 12 December 2021 and is co-curated by Nayia Yiakoumaki, Curator: Archive Gallery and Head of Curatorial Studies, Whitechapel Gallery and Cameron Foote, Assistant Curator, Whitechapel Gallery
- The exhibition coincides with *Eileen Agar: Angel of Anarchy* (19 May 29 August 2021), for which a fully-illustrated publication is available.

Press Release

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 The London Surrealist Exhibition took place from 11 June – 4 July 1936 at the New Burlington Galleries, followed by the Artists International Association exhibition at Whitechapel Gallery, running 9 February – 7 March 1939.

About the Artists

- Ruth Adams (1893–1949) was born in York to a family involved in domestic ceramics manufacturing and
 pottery. In the early part of her career, Adams developed an interest in watercolour, which she shared in
 the Artists of the Northern Counties series of exhibitions at the Laing Art Gallery in Newcastle throughout
 the 1930s
- Eileen Agar (1899–1991) was a leading participant in the London International Surrealist Exhibition, whose style encompassed experiments with Cubism and Surrealism and spanned painting, collage, photography, sculpture and fashion.
- Elizabeth Andrews (1882–1977) worked across both painting and sculpture. While portraits and still life works were often naturalistic, her sculptures made in the 1930s grew more experimental.
- Diana Brinton Lee (d. 1982) was a suffragette and visual artist. Married to musician and artist Rupert Godfrey Lee, she was the secretary of the London Group where it is known that she actively encouraged women to join.
- Claude Cahun (1894–1954) was a queer French photographer, sculptor and writer. They adopted the pseudonym Claude Cahun in 1917 and is best known for self-portraits in which the artist assumed a variety of personae.
- Ithell Colquhoun (1906–1988) was one of the most significant contributors to Surrealism in Britain, but also had wider ranging interests in occultism, which she explored in both writing and visual art. She spent much of her life in the Lamorna valley, near Penzance, Cornwall.
- Sheila Legge (1911–1949) was a Surrealist performance artist and poet. She is best known for her 1936 Trafalgar Square performance for the opening of London International Surrealist Exhibition, in which she posed in a costume inspired by a Salvador Dalí painting.
- Grace Pailthorpe (1883–1971) was a surgeon in the First World War and later trained as a criminal psychologist. After meeting her husband, poet and artist Reuben Mednikoff, they developed a mutual artistic partnership, exploring the borders of art and the unconscious and exhibiting widely with the Surrealist group.
- Elizabeth Raikes (1907–1942) studied with sculptor Henry Moore at the Royal Collage of Art. As well as working with alabaster stone, she made elongated figurative sculptures out of walnut wood, exhibiting them at the Royal Institute Galleries in Piccadilly in 1936.
- Edith Rimmington (1902–1986) was born in London and studied at the Brighton School of Art. She joined the British Surrealist group in 1937, after which many of her works referred to ancient mythological subjects and themes of threat, renewal or change.
- Stella Snead (1910–2006) produced early canvases populated by surreal bird creatures and dramatic landscapes and later pursued an interest in photography. Recognition returned to her late in life as one of her works was included in *Surrealism USA*, a major exhibition of American Surrealism at the National Academy Museum in New York in 2005.

About Whitechapel Gallery

For over a century the Whitechapel Gallery has premiered world-class artists from modern masters such as Pablo Picasso, Jackson Pollock, Mark Rothko, Frida Kahlo and Hannah Höch to contemporaries such as Zarina Bhimji, Sophie Calle, William Kentridge, Eduardo Paolozzi and Michael Rakowitz. Its historic campus houses exhibitions, artist commissions, collection displays, historic archives, education resources, inspiring art courses, talks and film screenings, the Townsend dining room and the Koenig Bookshop. It is a touchstone for contemporary art internationally, plays a central role in London's cultural landscape and is pivotal to the continued growth of the world's most vibrant contemporary art quarter.

Visitor Information

Opening times: Tuesday – Sunday, 11am – 6pm; First Thursdays, 11am – 9pm Whitechapel Gallery, 77 – 82 Whitechapel High Street, London E1 7QX T + 44 (0) 20 7522 7888 | E info@whitechapelgallery.org | W whitechapelgallery.org

Press Information

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